

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/ DFA) WITH FAME CONTENT (BIODIESEL)

SDS #:C3E0DSJMS

previous revision date : 2024/02/06

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

**1.1 Product identifier** 

Product name

: MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME CONTENT (BIODIESEL) : NN98-70MT-4004-9G8A

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Fuel for diesel engines: vessel, boat Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures - Industrial Use as a fuel - Industrial Use as a fuel - Professional Use as a fuel - Consumer

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

TotalEnergies Marketing France 562 avenue du parc de l'île 92000 Nanterre FRANCE Tel: +33 (0)1 41 35 40 00 rm.mkefr-fds@totalenergies.com

### **Contact**

H.S.E

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### National advisory body/Poison Center

| Telephone number | <ul> <li>France - ORFILA (INRS) Tél : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59<br/>In France - Poison centers:<br/>ANGERS : 02 41 48 21 21<br/>BORDEAUX : 05 56 96 40 80<br/>LILLE : 08 00 59 59 59<br/>LYON : 04 72 11 69 11<br/>MARSEILLE : 04 91 75 25 25<br/>NANCY : 03 83 22 50 50<br/>PARIS : 01 40 05 48 48<br/>STRASBOURG : 03 88 37 37 37<br/>TOULOUSE : 05 61 77 74 47</li> </ul> |
|------------------|---|
| <u>Supplier</u>  |   |
| Telephone number | : Emergency phone: +44 1235 239670  |



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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Acute Tox. 4, H332
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Carc. 2, H351
STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver, thymus)
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

| Signal word                    | : Danger   |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Hazard statements              | <ul> <li>F226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.<br/>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.<br/>H315 - Causes skin irritation.<br/>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.<br/>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.<br/>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.<br/>(bone marrow, liver, thymus)<br/>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul> |
| Precautionary statements       |  |
| Prevention                     | <ul> <li>P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapor or spray.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> </ul>  |
| Response                       | : P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.<br>P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
| Storage                        | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.   |
| Disposal                       | <ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,<br/>national and international regulations.</li> </ul>   |
| Contains                       | : Fuels, diesel  |
| Supplemental label<br>elements | : Not applicable.  |



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Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB in a concentration >= 0,1 %. This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

Other hazards which do<br/>not result in classification: The product may form flammable mixtures with air when heated above the flash<br/>point.<br/>In the presence of hot spots, there is a special risk of fire or explosion under certain<br/>conditions involving accidental release of vapor or leaks of product under pressure.<br/>Hazard of slipping on spilled product.<br/>Vapor may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system.<br/>High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea<br/>and may lead to unconsciousness.<br/>If swallowed accidentally, the product may enter the lungs due to its low viscosity<br/>and lead to the rapid development of very serious pulmonary lesions (medical<br/>survey during 48 hours)<br/>Combustible liquid

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Product/substance | Identifiers  | % (w/w) | Classification   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs     | Туре |
|-------------------|--|---------|--|---|------|
| Fuels, diesel     | REACH #:<br>01-2119484664-27<br>EC: 269-822-7<br>CAS: 68334-30-5 | ≥10     | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(bone marrow, liver,<br>thymus)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2,<br>H411<br>See Section 16 for<br>the full text of the H<br>statements declared<br>above. | ATE [Inhalation<br>(dusts and mists)]<br>= 4.1 mg/l | [1]  |

Additional information

: May contain: multi-purposes additives to boost performance Contains: Mixture of C16-C18 fatty acids methyl esters Component: % (v/v)

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.



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### Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of Eye contact water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. Inhalation : Inhalation is unlikely because of the low vapour pressure of the substance at ambient temperature. Exposure to vapours may however occur when the substance is handled at high temperatures with poor ventilation. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Immediately remove any contaminated clothing, shoes or socks. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms appear. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. High pressure injection of the products under the skin may have very serious consequences even though no symptom or injury may be apparent. In this case, the casualty should be sent immediately to hospital. Ingestion : Take victim immediately to hospital. SYMPTOMS MAY NOT APPEAR IMMEDIATELY. Wash out mouth with water. Keep person warm and at rest. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Protection of first-aiders : First aid personnel must be aware of personal risk during rescue! Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply. Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces. CAUTION! Hazard of slipping on spilled product. IN CASE OF SERIOUS OR PERSISTENT CONDITIONS, CALL A DOCTOR OR EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>



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| Eye contact              | : May cause mild reversible eye irritation.<br>watering<br>redness   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Inhalation               | <ul> <li>In case of exposure to hot product, inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.</li> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.</li> <li>nausea or vomiting</li> <li>headache</li> <li>dizziness/vertigo</li> <li>convulsive seizures</li> <li>cardiac arrhythmia</li> <li>Loss of coordination</li> </ul> |
| Skin contact             | : Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion                | : nausea or vomiting<br>stomach pains<br>diarrhea<br>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.  |
| 4.3 Indication of any in | nmediate medical attention and special treatment needed  |
| Notes to physician       | : Aspiration hazard if swallowed. In this case, the product may enter the lungs and lead to the rapid development of very serious pulmonary lesions that may appear in the following hours. Seek immediate medical attention. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.  |

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

| 5.1 Extinguishing media               |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media          | <ul> <li>on small fires:<br/>Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam. Sand.<br/>large fires:<br/>Foam, Water fog (trained personnel only)</li> </ul>   |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media        | : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.<br>Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.  |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising from      | om the substance or mixture  |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.<br>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with<br>the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will<br>spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel<br>a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.<br>Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from<br>being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous combustion<br>products      | <ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br/>Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).<br/>carbon monoxide<br/>nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub> etc.)<br/>various hydrocarbons<br/>Aldehyde.<br/>Soot<br/>These maybe highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high</li> </ul>   |



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| • • •  | otective equipment and emergency procedures   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| SECTION 6: Accidental release measures   |   |  |  |  |
| Additional information   | : Not considered explosive based on chemical structure and oxygen balance considerations  |  |  |  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters                                 | <ul> <li>In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire<br/>resistantprotective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a<br/>full face-pieceoperated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters<br>Special protective actions<br>for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water to cool tanks and parts exposed to the thermal flux not caught up in the flames. |  |  |  |
|  | concentration.<br>If sulphur compounds are present in appreciable amounts, combustion products<br>may include also H2S and SOx (sulfur oxides) or sulfuric acid   |  |  |  |

| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Only allow access to authorised persons. Do not touch or walk through spilled<br>material. Hazard of slipping on spilled product.<br>ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate<br>area).<br>Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate<br>respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective<br>equipment.  |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For emergency responders       | :   | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".   |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions  | :   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). It may contaminate ground water.   |
| 6.3 Methods and materials for  | r c | ontainment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                    | :   | Stop leak if without risk.<br>Move containers from spill area.<br>Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.<br>Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material.<br>Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  |
| Large spill                    | :   | Stop leak if without risk. Cover discharges with foam in order to reduce the risks of ignition.<br>Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind.<br>Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Use spark-<br>proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-<br>combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth<br>and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a<br>licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the<br>same hazard as the spilled product. |



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| 6.4 Reference to other | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.                          |
|------------------------|---|
| sections               | See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|                        | See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.                  |

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).<br>Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.<br>Avoid breathing vapor. Never siphon by mouth. Manipulate in a well-ventilated area.<br>Ensure ventilation is adequate if there is a risk of aerosol formation or vapor build-up.<br>Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible   |
|--|--|
|  | material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product<br>residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.<br>Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use<br>explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.<br>Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic<br>discharges.<br>Avoid release to the environment. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Hazard of slipping on spilled product.  |

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

OPERATE ONLY ON COLD AND DEGASSED TANKS IN VENTILATED PREMISES (TO AVOID RISK OF EXPLOSION). Never weld any container or empty pipe that has not been degassed. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer operations.

Design installations (machinery and equipment) to prevent burning product from spreading (tanks, retention systems, interceptors (traps) in drainage systems). Friction generated by product discharge can create static charges of sufficient magnitude to cause SPARKS WHICH MAY LEAD TO FIRE OR EXPLOSION.

Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground orwater pollution in case of leaks or spills.

Prevent leaks and prevent soil/water pollution caused by leaks. Take all necessary precautions to prevent water from entering the containers, tanks, transfer lines etc...

Use only containers, seals, pipes, etc... made in a material suitable for use with aromatic hydrocarbons.

Recommended materials for containers, or container linings: Mild steel, Stainless steel. High density polyethylene (HDPE). Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

If the working temperature is higher than the flash point : Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Keep in a bunded area

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### Named substances



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|                       | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| GAS OIL - Category 34 | 2500 tonne                      | 25000 tonne             |  |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

| Recommendations                      | : See exposure scenarios |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Industrial sector specific solutions | : Not applicable.        |

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

## Reportable hazardous constituent(s) contained in UVCB and/or multi-constituent substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

No exposure limit value known.

### **Biological Limit Values (BLV)**

No exposure indices known.

### **Recommended monitoring** : Not applicable.

procedures

: Not applicable.

### Advisory OEL DNELs/DMELs

| Product/substance | Туре | Exposure                 | Value                        | Population            | Effects  |
|-------------------|------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Fuels, diesel     | DNEL | Long term Oral           | 1.25 mg/<br>kg bw/day        | General population    | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 1.25 mg/<br>kg bw/day        | General<br>population | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal         | 2.91 mg/<br>kg bw/day        | Workers               | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 20.22 mg/<br>m <sup>3</sup>  | General<br>population | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Long term<br>Inhalation  | 68.34 mg/<br>m³              | Workers               | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 2572.8 mg/<br>m <sup>3</sup> | General<br>population | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Short term<br>Inhalation | 0.1027 μg/<br>m³             | Workers               | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Short term Dermal        | 5.55 mg/<br>kg bw/day        | General<br>population | Systemic |
|                   | DNEL | Short term Dermal        | 11.11 mg/<br>kg bw/day       | Workers               | Systemic |

#### **PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Name    | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------|
| Fuels, diesel           | Fresh water        | 21 µg/l | -             |

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|---------------------|-------------|--------|---------|------|
|---------------------|-------------|--------|---------|------|



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| 8.2 Exposure controls            |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces.<br>Explosive atmosphere in confined spaces. Check that the vapor concentration is lower than the lower flammability limit (explosimeter,).  |
| Individual protection measu      | res  |
| Hygiene measures                 | : See section 7.1.   |
| Eye/face protection              | <ul> <li>Goggles, face shield or other full-face protection should be worn if there is a risk of<br/>direct exposure to aerosols or splashes.</li> <li>Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation<br/>location.</li> </ul>   |
| Skin protection                  |  |
| Hand protection                  | <ul> <li>Hydrocarbon-proof gloves for aromatic hydrocarbons.<br/>Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time<br/>which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the<br/>specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of<br/>cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.<br/>Note: Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for<br/>emergency use.</li> </ul>   |
|                                  | Repeated or prolonged exposure:<br>Glove material: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA); any thickness; Break through time > 480<br>min; standard : EN 374<br>Glove material: Fluorinated rubber; any thickness; Break through time > 480 min;<br>standard : EN 374<br>Glove material: Nitrile rubber; Glove thickness > 0.5 mm; Break through time > 480<br>min; standard : EN 374   |
|                                  | In case of contact through splashing:<br>Glove material: Neoprene; Glove thickness > 0.75 mm; Break through time > 60<br>min; standard : EN 374<br>Glove material: polyvinyl chloride (PVC); Glove thickness > 1.3 mm; Break through<br>time > 30 min; standard : EN 374   |
| Body protection                  | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing.<br>Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots  |
| Respiratory protection           | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.<br>In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. When using a mask or half mask : Full face piece respirator with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge or canister, Type A. Respirator with combination filter for vapor/particulate, Type A/P2. In an emergency or for exceptional short-lasting jobs in an atmosphere polluted by the product, it is necessary to wear protective respiratory equipment. To enter tankers, tanks, reservoirs where the oxygen content is too low, wear insulating respiratory apparatus. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses. |



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| Environmental exposure | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, |
|------------------------|--|
| controls               | drains and sewers.   |

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

| 4 1 Information on pasic physica   | la      | nd chemical properties   |
|--|---------|--|
| <u>Appearance</u>  | ıa      | na chemical properties   |
| Physical state   |         | Liquid. [limpid]   |
| Color  |         | Yellow or brown.   |
|  |         |  |
| Odor   | -       | Characteristic.  |
| pH<br>Maléine na intérna sint  | -       | Not applicable. Product is non-soluble (in water).   |
| Melting point/freezing point   |         | Not available.   |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range  | :       | 150 to 380°C [ISO 3405]  |
| Flash point  | :       | Closed cup: ≥60°C [ISO 2719]   |
| Flammability   | :       | Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.  |
| Lower and upper explosion limit  | :       | Lower: 0.5%<br>Upper: 5%   |
| Vapor pressure   | :       | <0.13 kPa  |
| Vapor pressure 37.8°C (100°F)  | :       | <1 kPa   |
| Vapor density  | :       | >5 [Air = 1]   |
| Relative density   | :       | 0.89 [ISO 12185]   |
| Density  | :       | 0.89 g/cm³ [15°C] [ISO 12185]  |
| Solubility(ies)  | :       |  |
| Media  |         | Result   |
| water  |         | Not soluble  |
|  |         |  |
|  |         |  |
| Miscible with water  |         | No.  |
|  |         | No.  |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/   | :       | No.  |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water  | :       | No.<br>Not applicable.   |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature   | ::      | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]  |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature<br>Decomposition temperature  | ::      | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]<br>Not available.  |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature<br>Decomposition temperature<br>Viscosity   | ::      | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]<br>Not available.  |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature<br>Decomposition temperature<br>Viscosity<br><u>Particle characteristics</u>  | ::      | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]<br>Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): 2 to 6 mm²/s [ISO 3104]   |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature<br>Decomposition temperature<br>Viscosity<br><u>Particle characteristics</u><br>Median particle size                          | : : : : | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]<br>Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): 2 to 6 mm²/s [ISO 3104]   |
| Miscible with water<br>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/<br>water<br>Auto-ignition temperature<br>Decomposition temperature<br>Viscosity<br><u>Particle characteristics</u><br>Median particle size<br>9.2 Other information | : : : : | No.<br>Not applicable.<br>>250°C [ASTM E 659]<br>Not available.<br>Kinematic (40°C): 2 to 6 mm²/s [ISO 3104]<br>Not applicable.<br>Not considered explosive based on chemical structure and oxygen balance |



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| <b>SECTION 10: Stabilit</b>                | ty and reactivity   |
|--|---|
| 10.1 Reactivity                            | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                    |
| 10.2 Chemical stability                    | : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).   |
| 10.3 Possibility of<br>hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid                   | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against static discharges.               |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials                | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:<br>strong acids<br>Strong oxidizing agents<br>Strong bases<br>Halogens |

| 10.6 Hazardous         | : Use as a fuel.: Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides (NO, |
|------------------------|--|
| decomposition products | NO <sub>2</sub> etc.), various hydrocarbons, Aldehyde. Soot.                               |

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

| Product/substance | Result                             | Species                  | Dose        | Exposure | Test     |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| Fuels, diesel     | LC50 Inhalation Dusts<br>and mists | Rat - Male,<br>Female    | 4.1 mg/l    | 4 hours  | OECD 403 |
|                   | LD50 Dermal                        | Rabbit - Male,<br>Female | >4300 mg/kg | -        | OECD 434 |
|                   | LD50 Oral                          | Rat - Male,<br>Female    | >5000 mg/kg | -        | OECD 401 |

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/substance   | Oral (mg/<br>kg) | Dermal<br>(mg/kg) | Inhalation<br>(gases)<br>(ppm) | Inhalation<br>(vapors)<br>(mg/l) | Inhalation<br>(dusts<br>and mists)<br>(mg/l) |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH<br>FAME CONTENT (BIODIESEL) | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | 4.6  |
| Fuels, diesel   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                            | N/A                              | 4.1  |

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/substance | Result                                 | Species          | Score | Exposure             | Test                 |
|-------------------|--|------------------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Fuels, diesel     | Skin - Edema<br>Skin - Erythema/Eschar | Rabbit<br>Rabbit |       | 24 hours<br>24 hours | OECD 404<br>OECD 404 |



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| Product/substance    | Result  | Species   | Dose             | Exposure |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|---|------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Carcinogenicity      |   |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary   | : Based on available data, the                                    | classification crite  | ria are not met. |          |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Mutagenicity</b>  |   |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Respiratory          | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Skin                 | : Based on available data, the                                    | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary   |   |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| <u>Sensitization</u> |   |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Respiratory          | : Based on available data, the                                    | classification crite  | ria are not met. |          |  |  |  |  |
| Eyes                 | : Based on available data, the                                    | classification crite  | ria are not met. |          |  |  |  |  |
| Skin                 | : Based on available data, the                                    | Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.     |                  |          |  |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary   |   |   |                  |          |  |  |  |  |

| i loadou substance             | rtoout  | Openico | Doge | Exposure |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|---------|------|----------|--|--|--|
| Fuels, diesel                  | Positive - Dermal - TC  | Mouse   | -    | 2 years  |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary             | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.     |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| Reproductive toxicity          |   |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary             | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| <u>Teratogenicity</u>          |   |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary             | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| Specific target organ toxicity | <u>organ toxicity (single exposure)</u>                             |         |      |          |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary             | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |         |      |          |  |  |  |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/substance | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                 |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Fuels, diesel     | Category 2 | -                 | bone marrow, liver,<br>thymus |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are met.

### Aspiration hazard

| Pro  | substance Result  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Fuels, diesel ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |   |  |
| Conclusion/Summary                           | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are met. |  |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available.  |  |
| Potential acute health effe                  |   |  |
| Eye contact                                  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.             |  |
| Inhalation                                   | : Harmful if inhaled.   |  |
| Skin contact                                 | : Causes skin irritation.                                       |  |
| Ingestion                                    | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                 |  |

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics



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| Eye contact  | : May cause mild reversible eye irritation.<br>watering<br>redness   |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>In case of exposure to hot product, inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.</li> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.</li> <li>nausea or vomiting</li> <li>headache</li> <li>dizziness/vertigo</li> <li>convulsive seizures</li> <li>cardiac arrhythmia</li> <li>Loss of coordination</li> </ul> |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation.  |
| Ingestion    | : nausea or vomiting<br>stomach pains<br>diarrhea  |

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u>     |                  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Potential immediate effects    | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>      |                  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects      | : Not available. |

### Potential chronic health effects

| Product/substance     | Result   | Species | Dose     | Exposure |
|-----------------------|--|---------|----------|----------|
| Fuels, diesel         | Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal   | Rat     | 30 mg/kg | -        |
| Conclusion/Summary    | : Not available.   | 1       |          |          |
| General               | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |         |          |          |
| Carcinogenicity       | : Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |         |          |          |
| Mutagenicity          | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                  |         |          |          |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                  |         |          |          |

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.



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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

| Product/substance | Result                  | Species                                      | Exposure | Test     |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|----------|
| Fuels, diesel     | Acute EC50 22 mg/l      | Algae -<br>Pseudokirchnerella<br>subcapitata | 72 hours | OECD 201 |
|                   | Acute EC50 68 mg/l      | Crustaceans - Daphnia<br>magna               | 48 hours | OECD 202 |
|                   | Acute LC50 21 mg/l      | Fish - Oncorhynchus<br>mykiss                | 96 hours | OECD 203 |
|                   | Chronic NOEC 0.083 mg/l | Fish   | 14 days  | QSAR     |
|                   | Chronic NOEL 1 mg/l     | Algae -<br>Pseudokirchnerella<br>subcapitata | 72 hours | OECD 201 |
|                   | Chronic NOEL 0.2 mg/l   | Crustaceans - Daphnia<br>magna               | 21 days  | QSAR     |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/substance  | Test              | Result              |           | Dose | Inoculum         |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|------|------------------|
| Fuels, diesel      | OECD 301F         | 60 % - Readily - 28 | 8 days    | -    | Activated sludge |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available.  |                     |           |      |                  |
| Product/substance  | Aquatic half-life |                     | Photolysi | s    | Biodegradability |
| Fuels, diesel      | -                 |                     | -         |      | Readily          |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

: Not available.

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Mobility in soil

Mobility

- : Not available.

: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product is generally mobile in the ground It may contaminate ground water. Volatilisation is dependent on Henry's Constant which is not applicable to UVCB. The product spreads on the surface of the water. In water, the majority of components of this product will be absorbed on sediments. The product are resistant to hydrolysis because they lack a functional group that is hydrolytically reactive.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB in a concentration >= 0,1 %.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

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|---------------------|-------------|--------|---------|-------|
|---------------------|-------------|--------|---------|-------|



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This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

| 13.1 Waste treatment method | S   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <u>Product</u>              |   |
| Methods of disposal         | : Hazardous waste.: Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.   |
| Hazardous waste             | : Yes.  |
|                             | According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific,<br>but application specific Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the<br>application for which the product was used. The following Waste Codes are only<br>suggestions: 13 07 03* 13 07 01* 05 07 02 13 04 01 13 04 03   |
| <u>Packaging</u>            |   |
| Methods of disposal         | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.  |
| Special precautions         | <ul> <li>This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally.</li> <li>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.</li> </ul> |

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Version : 2

|                                    | ADR/RID      | ADN     | IMDG         | ICAO/IATA   |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---|
| 14.1 UN number<br>or ID number     | UN1202       | UN1202  | UN1202       | UN1202  |
| 14.2 UN proper<br>shipping name    | GAS OIL      | GAS OIL | GAS OIL      | Gas oil   |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) |              |         |              | 3   |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | 111          | 111     | 111          | 111   |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | <b>∀</b> es. | Yes.    | <b>∳</b> es. | ♥es. The<br>environmentally<br>hazardous substand<br>mark is not required |



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| Additional information                              |   |
|---|---|
| ADR/RID   | <ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>Hazard identification number 30</li> <li>Limited quantity 5 L</li> <li>Special provisions 640L, 664</li> <li>Tunnel code (D/E)</li> </ul>  |
| ADN   | <ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>Special provisions 640L</li> </ul>   |
| IMDG  | : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br>Emergency schedules F-E, S-E   |
| ICAO/IATA   | <ul> <li>The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> <li>Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.</li> <li>Special provisions A3</li> </ul> |
| 14.6 Special precautions for<br>user                | : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.   |
| 14.7 Maritime transport in<br>bulk according to IMO | : Not available.  |

### instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### Other EU regulations

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

DIRECTIVE 2008/68/EC related on the inland transport of dangerous goods

If the working temperature is higher than the flash point :

DIR 2014/34/UE relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Directive 1999/92/EC related on the protection of workers in explosive atmospheres



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| Industrial emissions<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Air   | : Not listed              |
|---|---------------------------|
| Industrial emissions<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Water | : Not listed              |
| Explosive precursors  | : Not applicable.         |
| Ozone depleting substanc  | <u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>  |
| Not listed.   |                           |
| Prior Informed Consent (P<br>Not listed.  | IC) <u>(649/2012/EU)</u>  |
| Persistent Organic Polluta<br>Not listed.   | <u>nts</u>                |
| Seveso Directive  |                           |
| This product is controlled un   | der the Seveso Directive. |
| Named substances  |                           |
| Name  |                           |
| GAS OIL - Category 34   |                           |
| National regulations  |                           |
| Social Security Code,   | : Fuels, diesel           |

| Social Security Code,<br>Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7        | : Fuels, diesel  | RG 84  |
|---|--|--|
| Classified installations<br>for environmental<br>protection | : Environmental Code, Book V Prevention of Polluti<br>Classified Installations for Environmental Protectic<br>Section 2: Nomenclature of Classified Installations<br>ICPE 4734, 1434, 1435, 1436   | n, Chapter 1 General Provisions;   |
| Reinforced medical<br>surveillance                          | : Decree n ° 2012-135 of January 30, 2012 relating occupational medicine: applicable   | to the organization of   |
| Other regulations   | : Annex to article D461-1 of national health insurand<br>professionnal illnesses): 601.<br>Decree of July 1st 2004 concerning technical and<br>petroleum product in collective or individual<br>Art R4412-1 to R4412-57 of the Labor Code relatin<br>dangerous chemical agents.<br>Art R. 4624-18 of the Labor Code relating to young<br>Art R.4624-19 of the Labor Code relating to pregn<br>have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.<br>If the working temperature is higher than the flash<br>Art. R4227-42 to R4227-54 of Labor Code related<br>Art. L551-1 to L557-61 of Environmental Code related<br>certain structures or installations | safety rules for the storage of<br>ng to the provisions applicable to<br>g workers.<br>ant workers and workers who<br>point :<br>to Explosion prevention |



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#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

### LU - Luxembourg prohibited chemicals in the workplace Not listed.

#### Inventory list

| <u>Inventory list</u>                       |   |
|---|---|
| Australia inventory (AIIC)                  | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)                 | : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.   |
| China inventory (IECSC)                     | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Europe inventory (EC)                       | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Japan inventory                             | <ul> <li>Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or<br/>exempted.</li> <li>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.</li> </ul> |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)  | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Philippines inventory (PICCS)               | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Korea inventory (KECI)                      | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Thailand inventory                          | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Turkey inventory                            | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| United States inventory (TSCA 8b)           | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
| Vietnam inventory                           | : All components are listed or exempted.  |
|   |   |

The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

**15.2 Chemical Safety**: See exposure scenarios**Assessment** 



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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

|                   | on that has changed from previously issued version.                           |
|-------------------|---|
| Abbreviations and | : ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists           |
| acronyms          | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate   |
|                   | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor   |
|                   | CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. |
|                   | 1272/2008]  |
|                   | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  |
|                   | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level   |
|                   | DMSO = Dimethyl Sulfoxide   |
|                   | EL50 = median Effective Loading   |
|                   | EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement                                 |
|                   | HSE = Health, Safety and Environment  |
|                   | IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration                                  |
|                   | IDHL = Immediately dangerous to life or health                                |
|                   | LC50 = Median lethal concentration  |
|                   | LD50 = Median lethal dose   |
|                   | LL50 = median Lethal Loading  |
|                   | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient                 |
|                   | N/A = Not available   |
|                   | NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health                  |
|                   | NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level                                      |
|                   | NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration   |
|                   | NOEL = No Observed Effect Level   |
|                   | NOELR = No observed Effect Loading Rate                                       |
|                   | OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development                 |
|                   | OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit   |
|                   | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic                                   |
|                   | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration                                      |
|                   | QSAR = Quantitative Structure–Activity Relationship                           |
|                   | REL = Recommanded Exposure Limit  |
|                   | STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit  |
|                   | TLV = Threshold Limit Value   |
|                   | TWA = Time Weight Average   |
|                   | VOC = Volatile Organic Compound   |
|                   | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative                               |
|                   | Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)   |
|                   | UVCB Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products  |
|                   | or Biological material  |
|                   |   |

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification                               | Justification      |
|--|--------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226                           | Expert judgment    |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332                           | Calculation method |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315                          | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351                                | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver, thymus) | Calculation method |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304                            | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411                      | Calculation method |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

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|---------------------|-------------|
|---------------------|-------------|



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| <mark>⊮</mark> 226           |              | Flammable liquid and vapor.                              |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| H304                         |              | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.            |
| H315                         |              | Causes skin irritation.                                  |
| H332                         |              | Harmful if inhaled.                                      |
| H351                         |              | Suspected of causing cancer.                             |
| H373                         |              | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated |
|                              |              | exposure.  |
| H411                         |              | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.         |
| Full text of classifications | [CLP/GHS]    |  |
| Acute Tox. 4                 |              | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                              |
| Aquatic Chronic 2            |              | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2                  |
| Asp. Tox. 1                  |              | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                           |
| Carc. 2                      |              | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                             |
| Flam. Liq. 3                 |              | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                           |
| Skin Irrit. 2                |              | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                   |
| STOT RE 2                    |              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED                 |
|                              |              | EXPOSURE) - Category 2                                   |
| Date of revision             | : 2024/02/06 | •  |
| previous revision date       | : 2024/02/06 |  |
| Version                      | : 2          |  |
|                              |              |  |

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

### Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Identification of the substance or mixture

#### Industrial

| identification of the Subs                                      |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Product definition  | ÷ | Mixture   |
| Code  | 1 | C3E0DSJMS   |
| Product name  | 1 | MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME CONTENT (BIODIESEL)  |
| Section 1 - Title   |   |   |
| Short title of the exposure scenario                            | 1 | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures - Industrial   |
| List of use descriptors   | : | Identified use name: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures -<br>Industrial<br>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC05, PROC08a,<br>PROC08b, PROC09, PROC14, PROC15, PROC28<br>Sector of end use: SU03<br>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.<br>Environmental Release Category: ERC02  |
| Environmental contributing scenarios                            | : | ESVOC SPERC 2.2.v1  |
| Health Contributing<br>scenarios                                | : | General measures applicable to all activities<br>General measures (skin irritants)<br>General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03<br>General exposures (open systems) - PROC04<br>Process sampling - PROC09<br>Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a, PROC28<br>Laboratory activities - PROC15<br>Drum and small package filling - PROC08b<br>Storage - PROC01, PROC02<br>Drum/batch transfers<br>Bulk transfers - PROC08b<br>Mixing operations (open systems) - PROC05<br>Batch processes at elevated temperatures - PROC03<br>General measures (aspiration)<br>General measures (flammability)<br>Manual - PROC08a<br>Tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation - PROC14 |
| Processes and activities<br>covered by the exposure<br>scenario | : | Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.  |
| P   |   |   |

## Section 2 - Exposure controls

| Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: ESVOC SPERC 2.2.v1   |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Product characteristics  | : | Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic   |  |
| Frequency and duration of<br>use   |   | Continuous release<br>Emission days (jours/an) : 300   |  |
| Environment factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management                          | : | Local freshwater dilution factor : 10<br>Local marine water dilution factor : 100  |  |
| Other conditions affecting<br>environmental exposure                                 |   | Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 1.0E-2<br>Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 5.0E-5<br>Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 1.0E-4 |  |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures at process level<br>(source) to prevent release |   | Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.   |  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision   | : | 8/18/2023 21/37  |  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures - |
|--|--|
| CONTENT (BIODIESEL)                        | Industrial   |

| CONTENT (BIODIESEL)   |      | Industrial  |
|---|------|---|
| Technical on-site<br>conditions and measures to<br>reduce or limit discharges,<br>air emissions and releases<br>to soil | :    | Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.<br>Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment<br>required<br>Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) : 0<br>Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required<br>removal efficiency of (%) >= : 94.1<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite<br>wastewater removal efficiency of (%)>= : 0  |
| Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site  | :    | Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to sewage treatment<br>plant   | :    | Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment (%):<br>94.6<br>Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs (%): 94.6<br>Maximum allowable site tonnage ( $M_{Safe}$ ) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal(kg/d) : 1.1E+5<br>Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d) : 2.0E+3   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external<br>treatment of waste for<br>disposal                                    | :    | External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external recovery<br>of waste   | :    | External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or<br>national regulations.<br>Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions: 5.8E-2<br>Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for waste water emissions: 9.3E-1  |
| Contributing scenario contro  | llir | ng worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities   |
| Concentration of substance in mixture or article  | :    | Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100% (unless stated differently).  |
| Physical state<br>Frequency and duration of   |      | Liquid, vapor pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure<br>Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)   |
| use/exposure<br>Other conditions affecting<br>workers exposure  | :    | Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature., unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented   |
| Conditions and measures rel   | ate  | ed to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | :    | Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Ensure staff are informed of and trained on the nature of exposure and basic actions to minimize exposure. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios. Clear spills immediately. Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance. |
|   |      | ng worker exposure for 3: General measures (skin irritants)   |
|   |      | ed to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | :    | Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Clear spills immediately. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)   | (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME   | - Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures<br>Industrial   |
|---|---|--|
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for   | · 4: General exposures (closed systems)  |
| Process control/change measures   | : Handle substance withi  | n a closed system.   |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | : Handle substance withi to avoid exposure.   | n a closed system. Sample via a closed loop or other system  |
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for   | <sup>-</sup> 5: General exposures (open systems)   |
| Process control/change measures   | : Wear suitable gloves te   | ested to EN374.  |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | other parts of the body,<br>impervious garments in  | ested to EN374. If skin contamination is expected to extend to<br>then these body parts should also be protected with<br>a manner equivalent to those described for the hands. For<br>fer to section 8 of the SDS.   |
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for   | · 6: Process sampling  |
| Engineering controls  | : No other specific meas  | ures identified.   |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | other parts of the body,<br>impervious garments in  | ested to EN374. If skin contamination is expected to extend to<br>then these body parts should also be protected with<br>a manner equivalent to those described for the hands. For<br>fer to section 8 of the SDS.   |
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for   | 7: Equipment cleaning and maintenance  |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures to control<br>dispersion from source<br>towards the worker |   | ystem prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.  |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | : Drain down and flush s<br>chemical-resistant glov<br>training. If skin contami<br>these body parts should<br>equivalent to those des<br>section 8 of the SDS. A | ystem prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear<br>es (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee<br>nation is expected to extend to other parts of the body, then<br>d also be protected with impervious garments in a manner<br>cribed for the hands. For further specification, refer to<br>dditional good practice advice. Obligations according to<br>do not apply Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to |
| Contributing scenario cont  |   | 8: Laboratory activities   |
| No other specific measures  |   |  |
|   |   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  |   | ures identified. Additional good practice advice. Obligations<br>4) of REACH do not apply. Put lids on containers  |
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for   | 9: Drum and small package filling  |
| Process control/change measures   | : Wear suitable gloves te   | ested to EN374.  |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection   | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | other parts of the body,<br>impervious garments in  | ested to EN374. If skin contamination is expected to extend to<br>then these body parts should also be protected with<br>a manner equivalent to those described for the hands. For<br>fer to section 8 of the SDS.   |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL) | DMA/DFA) WITH FAME Fe  | ormulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures -<br>Industrial   |
|---|--|---|
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 10  | I: Storage  |
| Process control/change measures                 | : Store substance within a cl  | osed system.  |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene          | : Store substance within a cl  | osed system.  |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 11  | : Drum/batch transfers  |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene       | employee training. If skin c<br>body, then these body part<br>manner equivalent to those<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Ac      | oves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'<br>ontamination is expected to extend to other parts of the<br>s should also be protected with impervious garments in a<br>e described for the hands. For further specification, refer<br>Iditional good practice advice. Obligations according to<br>not apply. Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer. |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 12  | :: Bulk transfers   |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene          | EN374) in combination with<br>expected to extend to othe<br>protected with impervious g                                      | closed system. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to<br>n 'basic' employee training. If skin contamination is<br>r parts of the body, then these body parts should also be<br>garments in a manner equivalent to those described for<br>sification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.  |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 13  | 3: Mixing operations (open systems)   |
| Ventilation control measures                    | : Provide extract ventilation  | o points where emissions occur.   |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene       | gloves (tested to EN374) ir<br>contamination is expected<br>parts should also be protec                                      | to points where emissions occur. Wear chemical-resistant<br>a combination with 'basic' employee training. If skin<br>to extend to other parts of the body, then these body<br>sted with impervious garments in a manner equivalent to<br>ads. For further specification, refer to section 8 of the  |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 14  | Batch processes at elevated temperatures  |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene          |  | to points where emissions occur. Handle substance within process temperature up to 60.0°C   |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 15  | : General measures (aspiration)   |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene          | : Applicable if classified as H swallowed then seek imme   | 1304, refer to section 2 of the SDS; Do not ingest. If diate medical assistance.  |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 16  | : General measures (flammability)   |
| Conditions and measures re                      | lated to personal protection,  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene          |  | I224 or H225 or H226, refer to section 2 of the SDS; For rom physicochemical properties, refer to main body of the  |
| Contributing scenario contro                    | olling worker exposure for 17  | ': Manual   |
|   |  | hygiene and health evaluation   |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene       | with 'basic' employee traini<br>parts of the body, then thes<br>garments in a manner equi<br>specification, refer to section | nemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination<br>ng. If skin contamination is expected to extend to other<br>se body parts should also be protected with impervious<br>valent to those described for the hands. For further<br>on 8 of the SDS. Additional good practice advice.<br>ticle 37(4) of REACH do not apply Ensure no splashing           |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DM<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL) | A/DFA) WITH FAME                                   | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures -<br>Industrial   |
|---|--|--|
| Contributing scenario controllin                  | ng worker exposure for                             | 18: Tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation  |
| Conditions and measures relate                    | ed to personal protection                          | on, hygiene and health evaluation  |
| Advice on general :<br>occupational hygiene       | other parts of the body,<br>impervious garments in | ested to EN374. If skin contamination is expected to extend to<br>then these body parts should also be protected with<br>a manner equivalent to those described for the hands. For<br>fer to section 8 of the SDS. |

## Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

| Website:   | : Not applicable.   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Environment: 1: ESVOC SPERC 2.2.v1   |  |
| Exposure assessment (environment):   | : The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities                          |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 3: General measures (skin irritants)                                      |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (closed systems)                                     |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 5: General exposures (open systems)                                       |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 6: Process sampling   |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Equipment cleaning and maintenance |   |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |
| Exposure estimation and ref  | erence to its source - Workers: 8: Laboratory activities  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):   | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.           |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source  | : Not available.  |  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)                         | (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME                        | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures -<br>Industrial |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 9: Drum and small package filling                              |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 10: Storage  |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 11: Drum/batch transfers                                       |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 12: Bulk transfers   |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 13: Mixing operations (open systems)                           |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  |  | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 14: Batch processes at elevated temperatures                   |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 15: General measures (aspiration)                              |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and re  | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 16: General measures (flammability)                            |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  |  | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 17: Manual |  |  |  |  |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                                       |  | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and repelletisation                               | eference to its source - Wor               | kers: 18: Tabletting, compression, extrusion or                      |  |  |
| Exposure assessment (human):  | : The ECETOC TRA tool otherwise indicated. | has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless                 |  |  |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source                       | : Not available.                           |  |  |  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME | Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures - |
|--|--|
| CONTENT (BIODIESEL)                        | Industrial   |

| Section 4 - Guidar | ice to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES  |
|--------------------|---|
| Environment        | : Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to<br>all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk<br>management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be<br>achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required<br>removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or<br>in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in<br>SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).       |
| Health             | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk<br>management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are<br>implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are<br>adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent<br>levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal<br>irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be<br>established for other health effects. Risk management measures are based on<br>qualitative risk characterisation. |

## Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

| Environment | : Not available. |
|-------------|------------------|
| Health      | : Not available. |

### Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

#### Industrial

| Identification of the subs                                      | or mixture  |                     |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Product definition  | ture  |                     |
| Code  | E0DSJMS   |                     |
| Product name  | RINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME CONTEN   | T (BIODIESEL)       |
| Section 1 - Title   |   |                     |
| Short title of the exposure scenario                            | e as a fuel - Industrial  |                     |
| List of use descriptors   | ntified use name: Use as a fuel - Industrial<br>ocess Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, I<br>ctor of end use: SU03<br>bsequent service life relevant for that use: No.<br>vironmental Release Category: ERC07   | PROC16, PROC28      |
| Environmental contributing scenarios                            | VOC SPERC 7.12a.v1  |                     |
| Health Contributing<br>scenarios                                | eneral measures applicable to all activities<br>eneral measures (skin irritants)<br>juipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a, PROC28<br>orage - PROC01, PROC02<br>um/batch transfers - PROC08b<br>lik transfers - PROC08b<br>eneral measures (aspiration)<br>eneral measures (flammability)<br>osed systems - PROC16<br>eneral exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02 |                     |
| Processes and activities<br>covered by the exposure<br>scenario | vers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities and includes activities and handling of waste.  | associated with its |

### **Section 2 - Exposure controls**

| Contributing scenario contro  | llir | ng environmental exposure for 1: ESVOC SPERC 7.12a.v1  |
|---|------|--|
| Product characteristics   | 1    | Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic   |
| Frequency and duration of use   | :    | Continuous release<br>Emission days (jours/an) : 300   |
| Environment factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management   | :    | Local freshwater dilution factor : 10<br>Local marine water dilution factor : 100  |
| Other conditions affecting<br>environmental exposure  | :    | Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 5.0E-3<br>Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) :1.1E-6<br>Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 0   |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures at process level<br>(source) to prevent release                                    | :    | Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.   |
| Technical on-site<br>conditions and measures to<br>reduce or limit discharges,<br>air emissions and releases<br>to soil | :    | Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment<br>required<br>Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) : 95<br>Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required<br>removal efficiency of (%) : >= 94.4<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite<br>wastewater removal efficiency of (%) : >= 0.0 |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)   | MA/DFA) WITH FAME   | Use as a fuel - Industria   |
|---|---|---|
| Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site  | : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludg contained or reclaimed. Not applicable as there is n   |   |
| Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment   | : Estimated substance removal from wastewater via 94.6  | municipal sewage treatment (%):   |
| plant   | Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after or<br>treatment plant) RMMs (%): 94.6<br>Maximum allowable site tonnage (M <sub>Safe</sub> ) based on re<br>treatment removal(kg/d) : 5.2E+6<br>Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m   | elease following total wastewater   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external<br>treatment of waste for  | : Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust<br>emissions considered in regional exposure assess<br>disposal of waste should comply with applicable loc   | ment. External treatment and  |
| disposal<br>Conditions and measures<br>related to external recovery   | : This substance is consumed during use and no was generated.   | ste from the substance is   |
| of waste  | Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emise<br>Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for waste w  |   |
| Contributing scenario confro  | ing worker exposure for 2: General measures app   | blicable to all activities  |
| Concentration of<br>substance in mixture or<br>article  | : Covers percentage substance in the product up to  |   |
| Physical state  | : Liquid, vapor pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temp   |   |
| Frequency and duration of use/exposure  | : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated   | d differently)  |
| Other conditions affecting workers exposure   | <ul> <li>Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambien<br/>differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occu<br/>implemented</li> </ul>   |   |
| Conditions and measures re  | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health eva  | aluation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | : Control any potential exposure using measures suc<br>systems, properly designed and maintained facilitie<br>ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines p<br>Drain down and flush equipment where possible pri<br>Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relev<br>nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to m<br>suitable personal protective equipment is available;<br>waste in accordance with regulatory requirements;<br>measures; consider the need for health surveillance<br>corrective actions. Wear suitable gloves tested to E<br>protection when its use is identified for certain contr | ch as contained or enclosed<br>s and a good standard of general<br>prior to breaking containment.<br>for to maintenance.<br>tant staff are informed of the<br>inimise exposures; ensure<br>clear up spills and dispose of<br>monitor effectiveness of control<br>e; identify and implement<br>EN374. Wear respiratory |
|   | ing worker exposure for 3: General measures (sk   |   |
|   | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health eva  |   |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | : Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided. Identify p<br>contact. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Cle<br>any skin contamination immediately. For further spe<br>the SDS.   | ar spills immediately. Wash off   |
| Contributing scenario contro<br>Technical conditions and<br>measures to control<br>dispersion from source<br>towards the worker | ing worker exposure for 4: Equipment cleaning and the system prior to equipment bree bree bree bree bree bree bree bre  |   |
|   | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health eva  | aluation  |
|   |   |   |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME Use as a fuel - Industria CONTENT (BIODIESEL) |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene  | : Drain down and flush system prior to equipme<br>chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in<br>training. If skin contamination is expected to e<br>these body parts should also be protected wit<br>equivalent to those described for the hands. F<br>section 8 of the SDS. Additional good practice<br>Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply Wear su<br>the skin. Clear spills immediately. | n combination with 'basic' employee<br>extend to other parts of the body, then<br>th impervious garments in a manner<br>For further specification, refer to<br>e advice. Obligations according to |  |
| •  | trolling worker exposure for 5: Storage   |   |  |
| Process control/change measures  | : Handle substance within a closed system.  |   |  |
|  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Store substance within a closed system.   |   |  |
| Contributing scenario con  | trolling worker exposure for 6: Drum/batch trans  | sfers   |  |
| Conditions and measures  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene  | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN<br>employee training. If skin contamination is ex<br>body, then these body parts should also be pr<br>manner equivalent to those described for the<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Additional good pract<br>Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply. Ensure  | pected to extend to other parts of the<br>rotected with impervious garments in a<br>hands. For further specification, refer<br>tice advice. Obligations according to                              |  |
| Contributing scenario con  | trolling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers  |   |  |
| <b>Conditions and measures</b>   | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN<br>employee training. If skin contamination is exp<br>body, then these body parts should also be pr<br>manner equivalent to those described for the<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Additional good pract<br>Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply Ensure r  | pected to extend to other parts of the<br>rotected with impervious garments in a<br>hands. For further specification, refer<br>tice advice. Obligations according to                              |  |
| Contributing scenario con  | trolling worker exposure for 8: General measure   | es (aspiration)   |  |
| Conditions and measures  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Applicable if classified as H304, refer to section swallowed then seek immediate medical assisted   | , <b>U</b>  |  |
| Contributing scenario con  | trolling worker exposure for 9: General measure   | es (flammability)   |  |
| Conditions and measures  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Applicable if classified as H224 or H225 or H2<br>measures to control risks from physicochemic<br>SDS, section 7 and/or 8.  |   |  |
| Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 10: Closed systems                 |   |   |  |
| Conditions and measures  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Handle substance within a closed system.  |   |  |
| Contributing scenario con  | trolling worker exposure for 11: General exposu   | ures (closed systems)   |  |
| Process control/change<br>measures   | : Handle substance within a closed system.  |   |  |
| Conditions and measures  | related to personal protection, hygiene and heal  | th evaluation   |  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene   | : Handle substance within a closed system. Sa to avoid exposure.  | ample via a closed loop or other system   |  |

| Website:   | : Not available.   |
|--|--|
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(environment):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Environment: 1: ESVOC SPERC 7.12a.v1</li> <li>The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>            |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul> |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 3: General measures (skin irritants)</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>             |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 4: Equipment cleaning and maintenance</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>            |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 5: Storage</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>                                       |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 6: Drum/batch transfers</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>                          |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>                                |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 8: General measures (aspiration)</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>                 |
| Exposure estimation and ref<br>Exposure assessment<br>(human):<br>Exposure estimation and<br>reference to its source       | <ul> <li>ference to its source - Workers: 9: General measures (flammability)</li> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>               |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL) | DMA/DFA) WITH FAME  | Use as a fuel - Industrial     |
|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 10: Closed system                     | ns                             |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estima<br>otherwise indicated. | ate workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |                                |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 11: General expos                     | sures (closed systems)         |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estima<br>otherwise indicated. | ate workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |                                |

## Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

| Environment | : Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to<br>all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk<br>management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be<br>achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required<br>removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or<br>in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in<br>SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).       |
|-------------|---|
| Health      | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk<br>management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are<br>implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are<br>adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent<br>levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal<br>irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be<br>established for other health effects. Risk management measures are based on<br>qualitative risk characterisation. |

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

| Environment | : Not available. |
|-------------|------------------|
| Health      | : Not available. |

### Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

| identification of the subs                                | ια |  |
|---|----|--|
| Product definition  | :  | Mixture  |
| Code  | :  | C3E0DSJMS  |
| Product name  | 1  | MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAME CONTENT (BIODIESEL)   |
| Section 1 - Title   |    |  |
| Short title of the exposure scenario                      | 1  | Use as a fuel - Professional   |
| List of use descriptors                                   | :  | Identified use name: Use as a fuel - Professional<br>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16, PROC28<br>Sector of end use: SU22<br>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.<br>Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b   |
| Environmental contributing scenarios                      | 1  | ESVOC SPERC 9.12b.v1   |
| Health Contributing<br>scenarios                          | :  | General measures applicable to all activities<br>General measures (skin irritants)<br>Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a, PROC28<br>Storage - PROC01, PROC02<br>Drum/batch transfers - PROC08b<br>Bulk transfers - PROC08a<br>Refuelling - PROC08b<br>General measures (aspiration)<br>General measures (flammability)<br>Closed systems - PROC16<br>General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02 |
| Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario | :  | Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.  |

### Identification of the substance or mixture

## Section 2 - Exposure controls

| Contributing scenario control   | lir | ig environmental exposure for 1: ESVOC SPERC 9.12b.v1   |      |
|---|-----|---|------|
| -   |     | Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic  |      |
| Frequency and duration of use   | :   | Continuous release<br>Emission days (days/year) : 365   |      |
| Environment factors not<br>influenced by risk<br>management   | :   | Local freshwater dilution factor : 10<br>Local marine water dilution factor : 100   |      |
| Other conditions affecting<br>environmental exposure  | :   | Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 1.0E-4<br>Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 1.0E-5<br>Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) : 1.0E-5  | 5    |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures at process level<br>(source) to prevent release                                    | :   | Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.  | 5    |
| Technical on-site<br>conditions and measures to<br>reduce or limit discharges,<br>air emissions and releases<br>to soil | :   | Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater.<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment<br>required<br>No wastewater treatment required.<br>Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) : N/A<br>Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required<br>removal efficiency of(%): >= 38.8<br>If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, provide the required onsite<br>wastewater removal efficiency of (%) : >= 0 |      |
| Date of issue/Date of revision  |     | : 8/18/2023 <b>33</b>   | 3/37 |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (I<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)  | MA/DFA) WITH FAME  | Use as a fuel - Professional   |
|---|--|--|
| Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site                                      | : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Slu contained or reclaimed. Not applicable as there is  |  |
| Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment   | : Estimated substance removal from wastewater vi 94.6  | a domestic sewage treatment (%):   |
| plant   | Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after<br>treatment plant) RMMs (%): 94.6<br>Maximum allowable site tonnage (M <sub>Safe</sub> ) based on<br>treatment removal (kg/d) : 1.1E+5<br>Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (  | release following total wastewater   |
| Conditions and measures<br>related to external<br>treatment of waste for<br>disposal            | : Combustion emissions limited by required exhaus<br>emissions considered in regional exposure asses<br>disposal of waste should comply with applicable le   | sment. External treatment and  |
| Conditions and measures related to external recovery  | <ul> <li>This substance is consumed during use and no w generated.</li> </ul>  | aste from the substance is   |
| of waste  | Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air em<br>Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for waste  |  |
| Contributing scenario contro  | ing worker exposure for 2: General measures a  | pplicable to all activities  |
| Concentration of substance in mixture or article  | Covers percentage substance in the product up to   |  |
| Physical state  | Liquid, vapor pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Ten   | •  |
| Frequency and duration of use/exposure  | : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stat  | ted differently)   |
| Other conditions affecting<br>workers exposure  | : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambie<br>differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occ<br>implemented  |  |
| Conditions and measures rel   | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health e   | valuation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | Minimise exposure using measures such as close<br>suitable general/local exhaust ventilation. Drain d<br>equipment break-in or maintenance. Ensure staff<br>nature of exposure and basic actions to minimize<br>tested to EN374. Wear respiratory protection whe<br>contributing scenarios. Clear spills immediately. I<br>container at hazardous or special waste collection<br>are regularly inspected and maintained. Consider<br>surveillance. | own and flush system prior to<br>are informed of and trained on the<br>exposure. Wear suitable gloves<br>en its use is identified for certain<br>Dispose of this material and its<br>in point. Ensure control measures |
| Contributing scenario contro  | ing worker exposure for 3: General measures (s   | skin irritants)  |
| Conditions and measures rel   | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health e   | valuation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene   | : Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify pole<br>contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand of<br>up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. We<br>immediately. Provide basic employee training to p<br>report any skin problems that may develop. For fu<br>8 of the SDS.  | ontact with substance likely. Clean<br>ash off any skin contamination<br>prevent/minimise exposures and to   |
| Contributing scenario contro  | ing worker exposure for 4: Equipment cleaning  | and maintenance  |
| Technical conditions and<br>measures to control<br>dispersion from source<br>towards the worker | Drain down and flush system prior to equipment b   | oreak-in or maintenance.   |
| Conditions and measures rel   | ted to personal protection, hygiene and health e   | valuation  |
|   |  |  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (L<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)                           | DMA/DFA) WITH FAME   | Use as a fuel - Professional  |
|--|--|---|
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                                  | : Drain down and flush system prior to equipment breachemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in comb<br>training. If skin contamination is expected to extend to<br>these body parts should also be protected with imper-<br>equivalent to those described for the hands. For furth<br>section 8 of the SDS. Wear suitable coveralls to prev-<br>spills immediately. | ination with 'basic' employee<br>to other parts of the body, then<br>rvious garments in a manner<br>ner specification, refer to |
| Personal protection  | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in employee training.   | combination with 'basic'  |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for 5: Storage   |   |
| Process control/change measures  | : Store substance within a closed system.  |   |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   | uation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                                     | : Store substance within a closed system.  |   |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for 6: Drum/batch transfers  |   |
| Process control/change<br>measures   | : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  |   |
| Organizational measures to prevent/limit releases, dispersion and exposure | : Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container.   |   |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   | uation  |
| Advice on general<br>occupational hygiene                                  | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in<br>employee training. If skin contamination is expected<br>body, then these body parts should also be protected<br>manner equivalent to those described for the hands.<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Ensure no splashing occurs  | to extend to other parts of the<br>d with impervious garments in a<br>For further specification, refer                          |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers  |   |
| Process control/change measures  | : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  |   |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   | uation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                                     | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in<br>employee training. If skin contamination is expected<br>body, then these body parts should also be protected<br>manner equivalent to those described for the hands.<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Ensure no splashing occurs  | to extend to other parts of the<br>d with impervious garments in a<br>For further specification, refer                          |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for 8: Refuelling  |   |
| Process control/change<br>measures   | : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  |   |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   | uation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                                     | : Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in<br>employee training. If skin contamination is expected<br>body, then these body parts should also be protected<br>manner equivalent to those described for the hands.<br>to section 8 of the SDS. Ensure no splashing occurs  | to extend to other parts of the<br>d with impervious garments in a<br>For further specification, refer                          |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for  9: General measures (asp  | iration)  |
| Conditions and measures rel  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   | uation  |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                                     | : Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate me   | dical assistance.   |
| Contributing scenario contro   | lling worker exposure for 10: General measures (fla  | mmability)  |
|  | ated to personal protection, hygiene and health eval   |   |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene                                     | : For measures to control risks from physicochemical of the SDS, section 7 and/or 8.   | properties, refer to main body  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL (DMA/DFA) WITH FAMEUse as a fuel - ProfesCONTENT (BIODIESEL)Use as a fuel - Profes |   | Use as a fuel - Professional             |
|---|---|--|
| Contributing scenario cont  | rolling worker exposure for 11: Closed syste                  | ems                                      |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection, hygiene and h                  | ealth evaluation                         |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | : Handle substance within a closed system.                    |  |
| Contributing scenario contributing  | rolling worker exposure for 12: General expo                  | osures (closed systems)                  |
| Process control/change measures   | : Handle substance within a closed system.                    |  |
| Conditions and measures r   | elated to personal protection, hygiene and h                  | ealth evaluation                         |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene  | : Handle substance within a closed system. to avoid exposure. | Sample via a closed loop or other system |

## Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

| Website:  | : Not applicable.   |
|---|---|
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Environment: 1: ESVOC SPERC 9.12b.v1   |
| Exposure assessment<br>(environment):           | : The Hydrocarbon Block Method has been used to calculate environmental exposure with the Petrorisk model             |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities                                      |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.                       |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 3: General measures (skin irritants)  |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | <ul> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless<br/>otherwise indicated.</li> </ul> |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 4: Equipment cleaning and maintenance   |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.                       |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 5: Storage  |
| Exposure assessment (human):                    | <ul> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless<br/>otherwise indicated.</li> </ul> |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 6: Drum/batch transfers   |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | <ul> <li>The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless<br/>otherwise indicated.</li> </ul> |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers   |
| Exposure assessment (human):                    | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.                       |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.  |

| MARINE DISTILLATE FUEL<br>CONTENT (BIODIESEL)   | DMA/DFA) WITH FAME   | Use as a fuel - Professional |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 8: Refuelling                        |                              |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate otherwise indicated. | e workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.   |                              |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 9: General measure                   | es (aspiration)              |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate otherwise indicated. | e workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.   |                              |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 10: General measur                   | res (flammability)           |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate otherwise indicated. | e workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.   |                              |
| Exposure estimation and ref                     | erence to its source - Workers: 11: Closed systems                   | 6                            |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate otherwise indicated. | e workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.   |                              |
| Exposure estimation and re                      | erence to its source - Workers: 12: General exposu                   | ires (closed systems)        |
| Exposure assessment<br>(human):                 | : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate otherwise indicated. | e workplace exposures unless |
| Exposure estimation and reference to its source | : Not available.   |                              |

## Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

| Environment |   | Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to<br>all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk<br>management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be<br>achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required<br>removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or<br>in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in<br>SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html).         |
|-------------|---|---|
| Health      | : | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk<br>management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are<br>implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are<br>adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent<br>levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal<br>irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be<br>established for other health effects. Risk management measures are based on<br>qualitative risk characterisation. |

## Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

| Environment | : Not available. |
|-------------|------------------|
| Health      | : Not available. |